Utilities Department

Work Session Septic Tank Workgroup

February 22, 2022



- Background
- Proposed Workgroup Plan
- Stakeholders
- Preliminary Schedule
- Summary



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A Workgroup has been created to address septic tanks

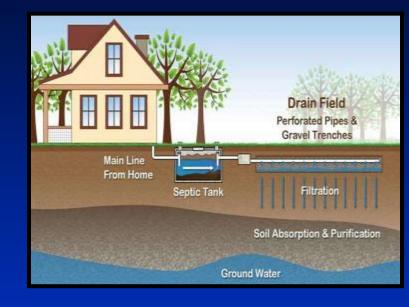
 BCC and advisory board members identified the need
 Complex issue involving multiple departments
 Alternative solutions are expensive and affect many stakeholders

 Septic tanks provide safe, cost-effective wastewater treatment

 Used in rural areas or where centralized sewer systems are not available
 Should be located a safe distance from water bodies

Septic Tank Systems

- **–On-site sewage treatment and disposal system**
- -Collect wastewater in a water tight tank
 - Solids settle to the bottom
 - Liquid (effluent) exits the tank to a drain field
- -Drain field
 - Spreads effluent into unsaturated soil where it is filtered and treated
 - Water is discharged into the groundwater
 - Some nutrients remain in the treated water







Natural water quality can be impaired by nutrients

- -Phosphorous
- -Nitrogen

Excess nutrients cause overabundance of algae

-Reduce diversity of plants and animals

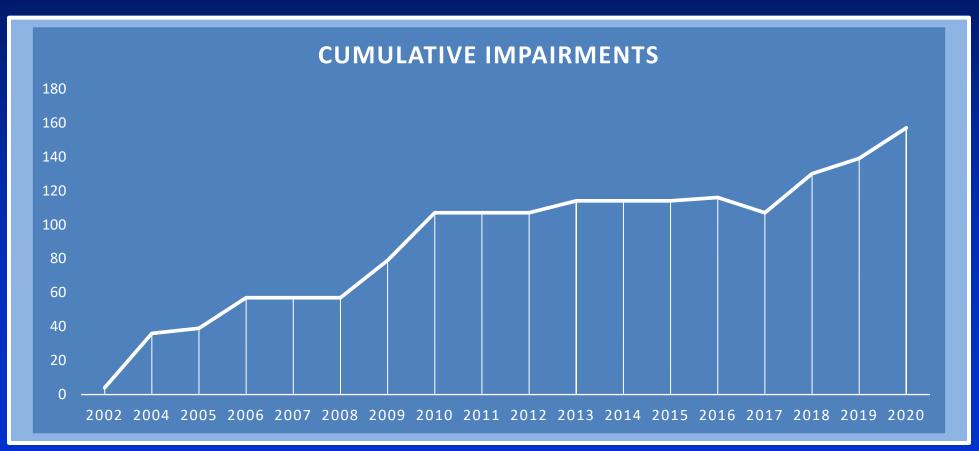
-Cause fish kills





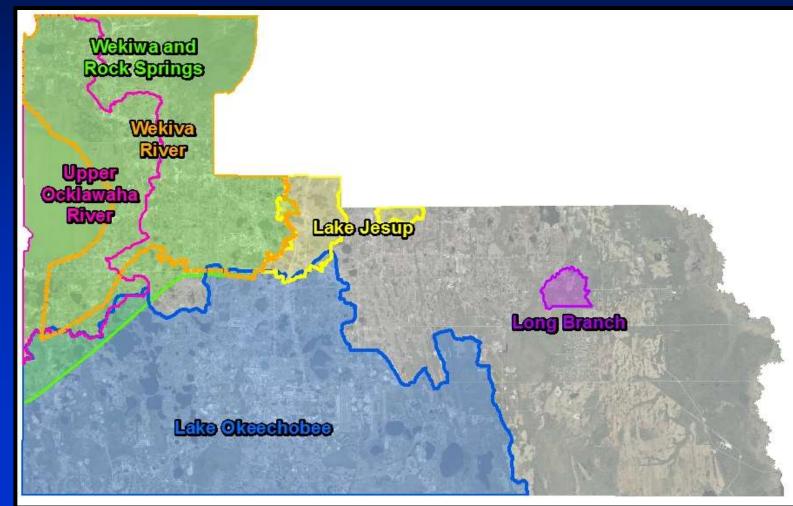
Water Quality Regulations/Drivers

• 154 total impairments (61% are nutrient impairments)



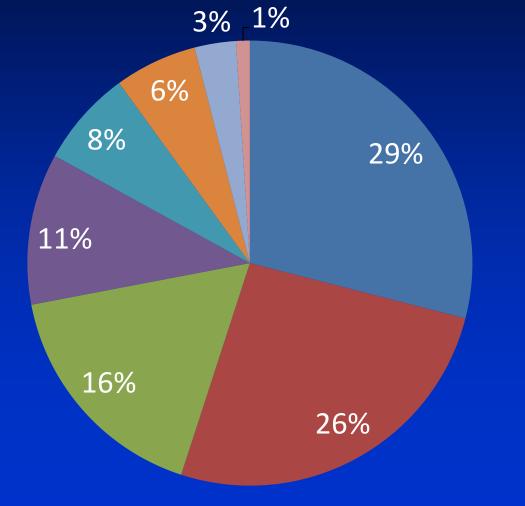


Basin Management Action Plans (BMAPs) in Orange County





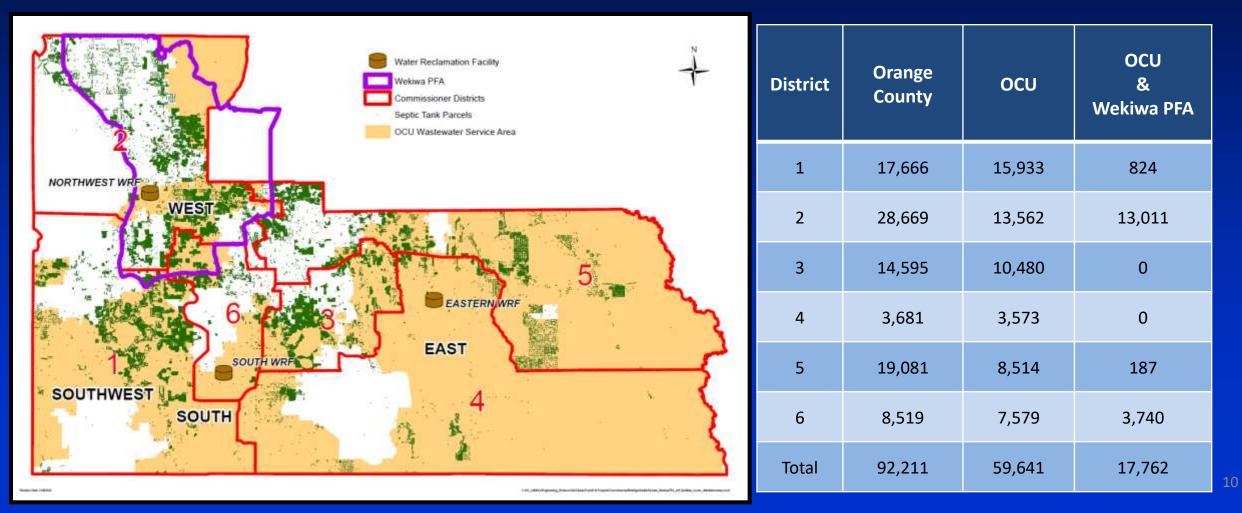
Wekiwa and Rock Springs Sources of Nitrogen



Septic Systems Urban Fertilizer Wastewater Trt Facility Farm Fertilizer Sports Turf Atmospheric Deposition Nurseries Livestock Waste



Septic Tank Parcels in Orange County





- Wekiwa Spring and Rock Springs BMAP
 - -Adopted by FDEP
 - -Creates Priority Focus Area (PFA) boundary
 - -Targets septic tanks in lots under one acre
 - -100% reduction plan by Year 15
- The Workgroup will address septic tanks outside the Wekiwa PFA
 - -Many conventional septic tanks do not impact water quality
 - E.g., large lots or non-vulnerable areas



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Traditional Staff Roles and Responsibilities

-Utilities Department

- Connections to central sewer service
- -Public Works Department
- Review location of drain fields and setbacks from water bodies and potable water wells
 PEDS/EPD
- Protection of our water bodies, reviewing setbacks (from lakes, rivers, wetlands), septic upgrade programs, groundwater vulnerability analysis, pollutant source identification
 -FDOH/FDEP
 - Permitting of septic tanks (technical review of systems and treatment performance)

Current Utilities Projects

-Wekiwa Spring BMAP Sewer Feasibility Study (\$0.50M FDEP Grant)

- –Wekiwa Springs Retrofit Program (\$83.82M, 1,453 septic tanks)
- -Pine Hills Septic to Sewer Project (\$8.58M, 155 septic tanks)

Current Projects by PEDS

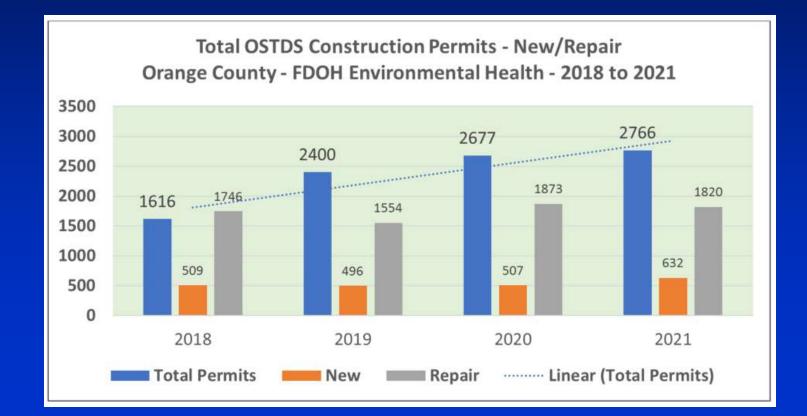
- -Groundwater vulnerability analysis
- -Voluntary septic system upgrade pilot program





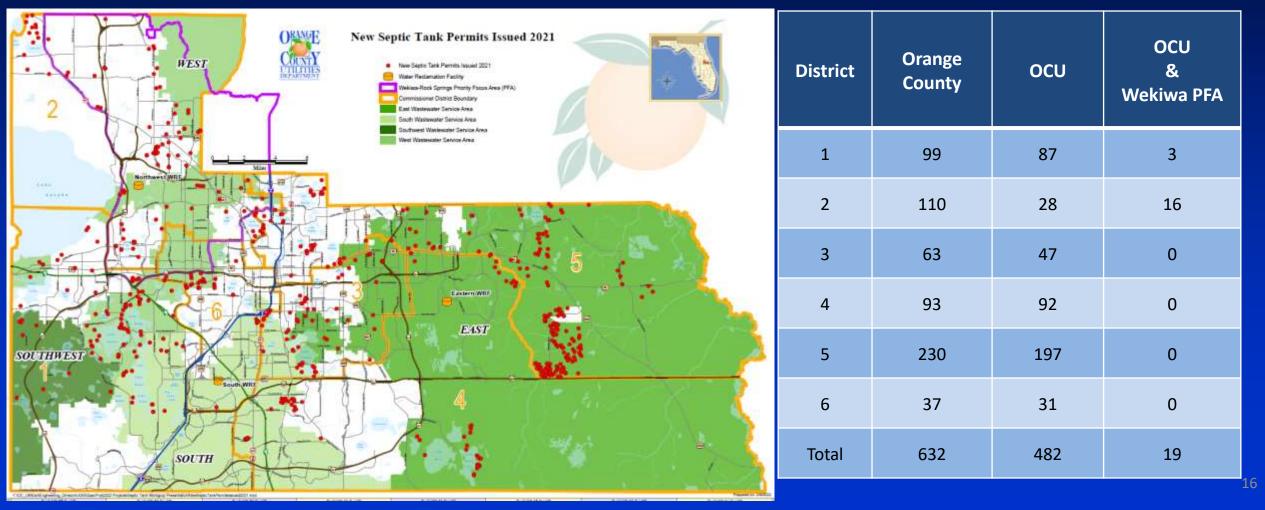
Annual Septic Tank Permits

-FDOH (Countywide including other wastewater service areas)





New Septic Tank Permits in 2021 (632 Countywide)



Goals/Scope

- Reduce conventional septic systems in the urban service area and vulnerable areas
 - Connect development to centralized sewer or advanced septic systems
- -Reduce future financial liabilities
- –Increase collaboration among departments
- -Increase public awareness and education
- -Propose changes to County policies and regulations

Challenges

- -Over 92,000 conventional septic tanks
- -Removing nutrients from water bodies is expensive
- -Community acceptance of septic tank alternatives
- -Distance to existing sewer infrastructure and cost to connect
- Some conventional septic tanks are appropriate
 - -Rural and non-vulnerable areas
 - -Low density development



Proposed Workgroup Structure

Subgroup A	 New Development Connections to Central Sewer
Subgroup B	 Septic to Sewer Connections
Subgroup C	 Existing Septic Tank Upgrades
Subgroup D	 New Septic Tank Standards and Permitting



Workgroup Team Members

- -Utilities Department (Leads Subgroups A and B)
- -PEDS Department (Leads Subgroup C)
- -Public Works Department (Leads Subgroup D)
- -County Attorney's Office
- -Florida Department of Health (FDOH)



Subgroup A – New Development Connections to Central Sewer

-Objectives/Scope

- Define connection requirements in
 - Urban Service Area
 - Rural Service Area
 - Existing Lots
 - Vulnerable Areas
- Determine connection requirements by zoning designation
- Draft updates to Orange County Code & Comprehensive Plan



Subgroup A – New Development Connections to Central Sewer

–Policy Considerations

- Cost and affordability of new development
- Effect on infill lots
- Distance to existing sewer infrastructure
- Zoning and use of new development



Subgroup B – Septic to Sewer Connections

-Objectives

- Connect as many septic tanks in vulnerable areas as possible
- Pursue funding assistance
- Identify feasibility to connect
- Identify areas to extend sewer infrastructure for future connections
- Educate the community



Subgroup B – Septic to Sewer Connections

-Connection Options





Subgroup B – Septic to Sewer Connections

-Policy Considerations

- Funding
- MSBU requirement (67% of property owners)
- Incentives to connect

-Costs

- Capital (up to \$60,000 per lot)
- Monthly sewer bill (\$48.59 per month)

Subgroup B – Septic to Sewer Connections

-Funding Challenges

- Current projects totaling over \$92M within the Wekiwa PFA (1,608 septic tanks)
 - Up to 25% funding from the County
 - Up to 12.5% funding from homeowners
 - More than 62.5% funding from federal/state agencies
- Over 40,000 septic tanks in OCU service area outside the Wekiwa PFA
 - \$2.4 billion to connect to gravity sewer
 - State funding is limited and no specific BMAP requirement to connect to sewer or upgrade
 - How soon and how many we connect could be affected by funding
 - Feasibility study for vulnerable areas will be needed

Subgroup C – Existing Septic Tank Upgrades

-Objectives/Scope

- Conduct modeling to identify vulnerable areas
- Identify areas where upgrade may be required
- Identify standards for upgrading systems
- Identify funding sources to incentivize homeowners to upgrade
- Recommend policy changes

Subgroup C – Existing Septic Tank Upgrades

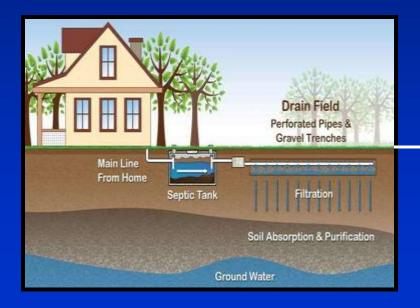
-Policy Considerations

- Consider it as a strategy for meeting TMDL/BMAP requirements
- Prioritize areas for upgrades
- Timing for implementation
- Consider incentivizing upgrades
- Effect on septic tank industry and property owners
- FDOH/FDEP operating agreement

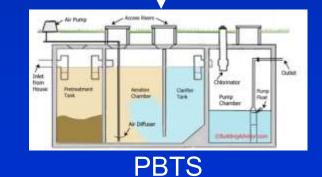


Subgroup C – Existing Septic Tank Upgrades

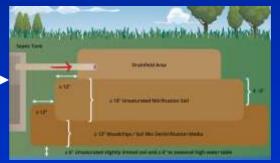
-Upgrade Options



ATU



Passive



Subgroup C – Existing Septic Tank Upgrades

-Costs

- Installation
 - New conventional (\$10,000–\$15,000) 20+ years
 - New passive (\$15,000-\$20,000) Up to 20 years
 - New ATU (\$20,000-\$25,000) 20+ years (less for electrical/mechanical components)
 - Upgrade existing (\$10,000-\$25,000)
 - FDEP Incentive Wekiwa PFA (\$7,000)
- Operation and maintenance (\$100-\$600+/year)

Subgroup D – New Septic Tank Standards and Permitting

-Objectives/Scope

- Implement advanced septic system requirements for vulnerable areas
- Identify changes to Orange County Code & Comprehensive Plan
- Reach agreement with FDOH for implementation of County requirements
- Prepare Countywide plan review flow chart
- Develop staff review standards for advanced septic systems

Subgroup D – New Septic Tank Standards and Permitting

-Policy Considerations

- Specify requirements of advanced septic systems
- Define certification, inspection, monitoring, and maintenance requirements
- Define criteria for variances, exceptions, and exemptions



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Policy Makers (Orange County BCC)

- State Agencies (FDEP, FDOH, SJRWMD, SFWMD)
- Municipalities
- Septic Tank Industry (equipment vendors, installers, maintenance entities)

 Development Industry (residential, commercial, contractors, builders, engineers, attorneys)

Homeowners



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Preliminary Schedule

Technical Studies

- Vulnerability Assessment Study (Complete Summer 2022)
- Wekiwa Spring BMAP Sewer Feasibility Study (Complete Spring 2023)
- BCC Work Sessions (Summer/Fall 2022)
- BCC Public Hearings for Ordinance Updates (Spring/Summer 2023)
- Capital Projects
 - Wekiwa Springs Septic to Sewer Retrofit Program (2022–2030)
 - Pine Hills Septic to Sewer Project (2022-2026)
 - Projects outside the Wekiwa PFA (TBD)





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Workgroup

- -Created to address septic tanks impacting water quality
- -Complex issue with many stakeholders

Septic Tanks

- -Provide safe, effective sewer treatment in appropriate locations
- -Targeted by state agencies in the Wekiwa PFA
- -Future financial liability in vulnerable areas
 - Cost of connection to sewer or upgrades is high
 - State funding mostly for the Wekiwa PFA



Four Subgroups

- New development, septic to sewer connections, septic tank upgrades, and proposed standards for upgrades
- -Future workshops by subgroups
- Specific Policies for Orange County
 - -Groundwater and surface water vulnerability assessment is critical
 - -Alternative solutions will be developed
 - -Policies may affect many stakeholders

Utilities Department

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